

EUROPEAN CREDIT TRANSFER AND ACCUMULATION SYSTEM (ECTS) pl. M. Skłodowskiej-Curie 5, 60-965 Poznań

# **COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS**

Course name	
Heating Systems II	
Course	
Field of study	Year/Semester
Environmental Engineering Second-cycle Studies	1/2
Area of study (specialization)	Profile of study
Heating, Air Conditioning and Air Protection	
Level of study	Course offered in
Second-cycle studies	polish
Form of study	Requirements
full-time	compulsory

#### Number of hours

Lecture	Laboratory classes
15	
Tutorials	Projects/seminars
15	30
Number of credit points	
4	

#### Lecturers

Responsible for the course/lecturer: prof. dr hab. inż. Halina Koczyk email: halina.koczyk@put.poznan.pl	Responsible for the course/lecturer: dr hab. inż. Małgorzata Basińska, prof. PP email: malgorzata.basinska@put.poznan.pl
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Institute of Environmental Engineering and Building Installations	Institute of Environmental Engineering and Building Installations
Berdychowo 4, 61-131 Poznań	Berdychowo 4, 61-131 Poznań

#### **Prerequisites**

1.Knowledge:

Basics of thermal engineering and fluid mechanics, heating - level I°. The student has a structured, theoretically founded basic knowledge of issues related to the design of central heating systems.

#### 2.Skills:

Basics of thermal engineering and fluid mechanics: solving problems and making measurements at level 6 of NQF. The student is able to formulate and solve mass and energy balances for simple systems, under steadystate conditions as well as convert the units of physical quantities for heat transfer and fluid mechanics problems. The student can operate basic computer programs: CAD, Excel, Word

Other (e.g. online)



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3. Social competencies

Awareness of the need to constantly update and supplement knowledge and skills.

#### **Course objective**

Extending and deepening the knowledge and skills in the scope of design, operation and simulation analysis of complex heating systems, including the use of renewable energy sources

#### **Course-related learning outcomes**

Knowledge

1. The student has structured and theoretically founded knowledge of the methods for assessing the energy consumption in a building.

2. The student has structured knowledge of developments in the area connected with heating systems and possible applications of low-temperature heat sources.

 The student knows the structure and elements of heating and hot water systems cooperating with renewable energy sources related to the building energy needs standard and has expanded and theoretically founded knowledge of the possibilities of using solar thermal collectors in heating and hot water systems
The student knows the methods of calculation and simulation, tools and materials used in solving the engineering tasks related to design of heating and hot water systems cooperating with renewable energy

sources and knows the methods of assessment for buildings and energy installations during life cycle as well as methods of assessment of energy and economic efficiency for thermomodernization.

5. The student knows the areas of application and performance parameters for thermographic cameras and the effect of surface emissivity on thermographic measurement results and knows the impact of the lack of airtightness on the effective heat recovery efficiency of an air heating system

#### Skills

1. The student can formulate a concept and design solutions for heating and hot water systems using renewable energy sources, including selection of components.

2. The student is able to perform an energy ecological evaluation of a self-designed complex installation system.

3. The student can use a Minneapolis Blower Door device as well as specialized software in order to measure the air tightness of a room.

4. The student knows how to operate the thermographic camera, use specialized software for thermal imaging, interpret and evaluate the thermal images, assess the condition of pipe insulation and building insulation on the basis of thermal images.

#### Social competences

1. The student understands the need for teamwork in solving theoretical and practical problems.

2. The student is aware of the need to reiterate the steps of measuring and evaluating the uncertainty of the results of measurements and calculations.

3. The student sees the need for systematic deepening and extending their competences.

#### Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Lecture (pass from 51%):

Written examination, in doubtful cases followed by an oral examination.

Final evaluation of the exam takes into account the result of the test and grades earned for the tutorials and project.

Tutorial: (pass from 51%) 1 written final test



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Continuous assessment at each class (rewarding the activity).

or continuous assessment after each class by solving the tasks containing individual data and submitting them to the teacher via an electronic form in Google Docs.

Project Classes:

Design of a complex heating and hot water system using renewable energy sources, prepared with the use of professional computing packages and individual spreadsheets software.

Oral defense of the project. Additional mark as a reward for regular and timely participation. Continuous assessment at each class (rewarding the activity).

### **Programme content**

- 1. Use of solar energy for domestic hot water and heating systems of buildings.
- 2. Active systems for direct and indirect use of solar energy.
- 3. Construction of a flat plate and vacuum solar collectors. Technological characteristics of solar collector components.
- 4. The equation for the efficiency of a solar collector. Temporary and long-term efficiencies of the solar collector.
- 5. Air solar collectors characteristics and examples of solutions.
- 6. Diagrams of solar thermal systems. Criteria for small and large solar installations.
- 7. Design principles for small solar installations. Types of solar storage tanks. Examples of solutions and components of solar installations for domestic hot water preparation.
- 8. Large solar installations for the purpose of heating and hot water systems, with buffers and the charging and discharging exchangers. Principles of design and operation. Design of solar collectors? fields. Situating and connecting collectors. Determination of flow rate, the dimensioning and selection of solar circuit pumps. Stagnation in solar systems. System pressure and emergency coolers. Determination of steam range. Selection of a cooling vessel. Character of selection of the expansion vessel for solar installations.
- 9. F-chart method for the analysis of the effectiveness of a solar thermal system for heating and domestic hot water purposes.
- 10. Energy balance of a window and envelope with transparent insulation.
- 11. Energy efficiency of system of direct and indirect gains.
- 12. Heating and ventilation systems cooperating with renewable energy sources.
- 13. Cooperation between heating, ventilation and air- conditioning systems, fan coil units.
- 14. Photovoltaic cells correlation of energy supply / consumption in the photovoltaic / heat pump system.
- 15. Thermal energy storage for heating systems. Selection of materials for energy storage. Examples of long term battery solutions and rules of their choice. Examples of cooperation solutions for long term energy storage with the heating system.
- 16. Determination of annual operational costs of heating and hot water systems. Replacement and upgrade of installations in buildings, their energy and economic efficiencies.

## **Teaching methods**

Informative lecture with seminar elements, lecture with multimedia presentation exercise method, individual project - case study

#### Bibliography

Basic

1. Chwieduk D.: Energetyka słoneczna budynku Arkady Warszawa 2011



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2. Foit H.: Zastosowanie odnawialnych źródeł ciepła w ogrzewnictwie i wentylacji Wydawnictwo Politechniki Śląskiej Gliwice 2010

3. Koczyk H., Antoniewicz B., Basińska M., Górka A., Makowska-Hess R.: Ogrzewnictwo Praktyczne projektowanie, montaż, certyfikacja energetyczna, eksploatacja Systherm Serwis, Poznań 2009

4. Laskowski L.: Ochrona cieplna i charakterystyka energetyczna budynku. Oficyna Wydawnicza Politechniki Warszawskiej. Warszawa 2005r

5. Mizielińska K., Olszak J.: Parowe źródła ciepła. WNT 2009.

6. Recknagel, Schramek, Sprenger, Honmann: Kompendium wiedzy OGRZEWNICTWO, KLIMATYZACJA, CIEPŁA WODA, CHŁODNICTWO 08/09 OMNI SCALA, Wrocław, 2008

7. Rubik M. : Pompy ciepła Poradnik Ośrodek Informacji Technika Instalacyjna w Budownictwie, Warszawa, 20063.

#### Additional

1. Duffie J.A., Beckman W.A.: Solar Engineering of Thermal Processes John Wiley Sons, Inc., New York 1991

2. Hensen J.L.M., Lamberts R. (red) Building Performance Simulation for Design and Operation, Son Press 2011

3. Nowak H.: Zastosowanie badań termowizyjnych w budownictwie Oficyna Wydawnicza Politechniki Wrocławskiej Wrocław 2012

4. Smolec W.: Fototermiczna konwersja energii słonecznej, PWN, Warszawa 2000

### Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	100	4,0
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	60	2,5
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for classes,	40	1,5
preparation for tests, additional homework prescribed by the		
teacher) <sup>1</sup>		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> delete or add other activities as appropriate